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PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Kim Jong Un speaks at banquet for celebrating August 25

The editorial board of The Pyongyang Times carries the full text of Only Victory and Glory Are in Store for Us Who Are Advancing under the Unfurled Flag Bearing the Immortal Beaming Images of the Great Kim Il Sung and Kim Jong Il, speech supreme leader Kim Jong Un delivered at the banquet held in celebration of August 25, the 52nd anniversary of Kim Jong Il's start of Songun-based revolutionary leadership, on August 25, Juche 101 (2012):

Commanders of the combined units of the People's Army that are reliably defending the outposts of the country on the eastern sector of its front and other commanding personnel,

Today we celebrate the 52nd anniversary of the start of Songun-based revolutionary leadership by Generalissimo Kim Jong Il.

As I greet the day in the first year after his passing, I miss the General all the more and feel my eyes wet with tears to look back on the great pains he took for the country and people holding aloft the banner of Songun throughout his life.

Burning his heart with the will of love for the country and people under the banner of Songun, he provided invincible military capabilities and the strength of single-hearted unity between the army and people, which the whole world is envious of, and thus raised the dignity of the country and people to the highest plane in the history of the nation. His achievements will shine forever.

Availing myself of this meaningful occasion and reflecting the unanimous wish of all the service personnel and people, I extend the noblest respect and eternal glory to the great Generalissimo Kim Jong Il, who dedicated his all to the Songun-based leadership with love for the country and people, burning his heart with passion and affection all his life.

Comrades, Greeting this day on the front, when the enemy is staging under our very eyes aggressive war exercises reeking of powder, I am now here with my comrades-in-arms in the eastern sector of the front.

August 25, together with April 25, is a day that is etched in the history of building up our revolutionary armed forces, as well as in the history of our country.

Associated with this day is the strength of our People's Army, which takes pride in being a powerful revolutionary Paektusan army, and the image of our country, which has emerged as a world-class military



giant and dignified nuclear state.

It is the unshakeable determination and will of our Party to defend the security of the country and the gains of the revolution and build on this land a reunified and thriving country, grasping more firmly the arms of Songun Generalissimo Kim Jong Il provided with much effort through his lifelong Songun-based revolutionary leadership.

At this moment, the United States, together with its vassal forces as well as its puppet army of south Korea, is staging large-scale aggressive war exercises targeted on us, thus seriously threatening our security.

While inspecting the army units at the outposts of the southwestern sector of the front, I have already issued to the entire army the order to keep a sharp watch on the enemy's reckless moves and, should they throw even one spark on our holy territory or territorial waters, immediately deal an annihilating counterblow and rise up as one to switch over to an all-round counterattack for achieving the great cause of national reunification, reviewed the corresponding operations

plan and written down my final signature on it.

Right at this moment, the brave service personnel of the People's Army have taken up combat positions at my order to cope with the reckless war manoeuvres by the United States and its south Korean puppets, waiting for an order for final charge to fight a life-and-death fight against the enemy.

There is a limit to our tolerance.

Counter provocations with an immediate counteroffensive, and an aggressive war with a war of justice for the country's reunification!—this is our principled stand and unshakeable will.

We will never remain onlookers to the enemy's desperate moves for aggression; we will do all we can to defend the destiny of the country and nation.

It is a truth confirmed by history that nobody in the world can check the advance of a people who have turned out for their cause of justice.

If another undesirable war breaks out on this land as a consequence of the unpardonable actions of the United States and its south Korean puppets, they will sustain an ignominious defeat in the war and our great nation will greet a bright dawn of their reunification.

Only victory and glory are in store for us who are advancing under the unfurled flag bearing the immortal beaming

images of the great Kim Il Sung and Kim Jong Il.

Today, availing myself of this meaningful occasion, I reaffirm my determination to invariably follow the road of Songun for our motherland and revolution, the road travelled by General Kim Jong Il, arm in arm and shoulder to shoulder with you, my comrades.

Comrades, let us be confident of victory.

A brilliant future lies before our people.

Let us hold the arms of revolution more firmly to defend the happiness and security of the people and the dignity of our great Paektusan nation.

To the final victory of the Juche revolutionary cause, the Songun revolutionary cause, pioneered and led successfully by the great Generalissimos Kim Il Sung and Kim Jong Il,

To the good health of the commanders of combined units and other commanding personnel present here and all other soldiers of the People's Army, and

To the victorious advance of the powerful revolutionary Paektusan army,

I propose this toast.

Kim Jong Un sees performances, inspects army units, has photo session with youth

Kim Jong Un, First Secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea, First Chairman of the DPRK National Defence Commission and Supreme Commander of the Korean People's Army, saw a performance given by the Moranbong Band in celebration of

the 52nd anniversary of Kim Jong Il's start of the Songun revolutionary leadership on his inspection tour of the eastern frontline areas together with service members.

Amid the playing of welcome music the Supreme Commander entered the

auditorium with his wife Ri Sol Ju.

The audience included Choe Ryong Hae, Hyon Yong Chol, Kim Kyong Hui, other senior Party and army officials, commanding officers of the Army, Navy, Air and Anti-aircraft Force and Strategic Rocket Force of the KPA, commanding

officers of the combined units on the eastern front, airmen and soldiers of the Persimmon Tree Company.

Starting with the playing of the national anthem, the performance sang of the

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undying exploits Chairman Kim Jong Il had performed while leading the Songun-based revolution.

The performers gave an impressive musical representation of the fact that thanks to the leadership of Kim Jong Il who defended the destiny of the country and nation and developed socialist Korea into an invincible power by dint of Songun, the great tradition and legacy of successful continuity of the cause of the Songun-based revolution, the lifeblood of Kim Il Sung's Korea, were provided.

The performance ended with female sextet "Our Leader Loved by the People".

Kim Jong Un, on his inspection tour of the eastern front, attended a banquet hosted by the WPK Central Military Commission and the DPRK National Defence Commission to mark the 52nd anniversary of Kim Jong Il's start of the Songun revolutionary leadership.

He delivered a speech at the banquet.

Present at the feast were members of the WPK Central Committee and Central Military Commission and the DPRK National Defence Commission, commanding personnel of the KPA Army, Navy, Air and Anti-aircraft Force and Strategic Rocket Force and commanders of the combined units on the eastern front.

Earlier, Supreme Commander Kim Jong Un inspected the Persimmon Tree Company honoured with the three-time Three-Revolution Red Flag under KPA Unit 4302.

He gave a pair of binoculars and automatic rifle to the women soldiers as a token before having a photo taken with them.

In the education room he called the Persimmon Tree Company a company which is etched in the annals of the Songun revolutionary leadership along with Kim Jong Il's love for the soldiers and is well known to all.

He looked round the bedroom, wash-cum-bath room, mess hall, kitchen and the salt ponds run by the company.

Making the rounds of firing positions, he got familiar with the company's performance of combat duty.

He asked them to reunify the country without fail hand in hand with the Supreme Commander to add brilliance to the achievements of the great leaders for all ages and encouraged them, saying that he trusts the service personnel on the eastern front and firmly believes in the women revolutionaries defending a post on the front.

After seeing an artistic performance given by the company soldiers he conversed with them.

As they were so reluctant to part from him he posed for a camera with each of the women soldiers.

Kim Jong Un inspected the head-



quarters of KPA Large Combined Unit 313 and units under it.

The first leg of his inspection tour was KPA Unit 894 Honoured with the Title of O Jung Hup-led 7th Regiment.

He acquainted himself with the unit's combat preparedness and preparations for action and showed meticulous care for the living of service members while looking round the barracks, mess hall and food store in a company belonging to the unit.

He gave pep talks to the soldiers and had a picture taken with them.

In the headquarters of KPA Large Combined Unit 313 he posed for a camera with officers and men of the unit and spoke highly of the feats of the large combined unit which displayed matchless patriotic devotion and popular heroism in defence of the Party, leader, country and people from the period of the Fatherland Liberation War through the post-war rehabilitation days to the present.

That day he familiarized himself with the enemy deployment on the eastern front, examined the offensive operations plan of the large combined unit, corrected some shortcomings of it and took corresponding measures.

Upon receipt of precious instructions from him, the commanding personnel of the large combined unit earnestly asked the Supreme Commander to give them the final charge order.

On his way back from his inspection tour he saw the monument bearing a poem dedicated to Chairman Kim Jong Il.

Kim Jong Un inspected KPA Unit 318 on the eastern front.

He arrived at the unit by braving a heavy rainstorm and looked round the room for education in the revolutionary activities of the great leaders, the room dedicated to the unit's history and the military study room.

He asked the commanding officers about the staff's plan for coping with the enemy movements and told them to draw up detailed operations plans in consideration of various circumstances to be encountered in actual fight. What is important is to study and perfect operations and tactical plans of our style by drawing on the experience obtained in the anti-Japanese revolutionary war and the Fatherland Liberation War, he noted.

After being informed by the commanding officers of the performance of the unit's combat duty in the building of its headquarters he reviewed its operations plan, specifying what they should do to complete preparations for action.

He told them to wait for the order for final offensive from him while keeping the service members on high alert.

He had a photograph taken with the

service personnel.

He was accompanied by KPA General Kim Myong Guk and Hwang Pyong So, deputy department director of the WPK Central Committee.

Kim Jong Un called at the Ministry of the People's Armed Forces on his way back from his inspection tour of the eastern front to pay homage to the statues of President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il.

He said that the statues of the great leaders at the ministry are the best of their statues built so far and gave thanks of the KPA Supreme Commander to officials and sculptors at the Mansudae Art Studio, soldiers and helpers who devoted their pure conscience to the erection of the statues on the highest level.

Kim Jong Un congratulated the delegates to the Youth Day celebrations on their demonstrating the firm will of the Korean youth to carry on the march of Mt. Paektu united closely behind the Party and their sense of organization, unity and militancy in the celebrations, and posed for a camera with them.

On August 30 he saw the Unhasu concert "Love the Motherland" along with the youth delegates at the People's Theatre.

By PT staff reporter

Start of Songun-based leadership: 52 years on

A national meeting took place on August 24 at the April 25 House of Culture in Pyongyang in commemoration of the 52nd anniversary of Kim Jong Il's start of the Songun-based revolutionary leadership.

It was attended by Kim Yong Nam, Choe Yong Rim, Choe Ryong Hae, other senior Party, military and government officials, officials from Party, military and government organs, public organizations, ministries and national agencies, officers and men of the Korean People's Army and the

Korean People's Internal Security Forces, officials in the fields of science, education, literature and the arts, public health and the media and working people in Pyongyang.

The participants observed a minute's silence in memory of Chairman Kim Jong Il.

A keynote speech was made by KPA Vice-Marshal Kim Jong Gak, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and minister of the People's Armed Forces.

He described Kim Jong Il's

inspection tour of the KPA Seoul Ryu Kyong Su Guards 105th Tank Division on August 25 1960 as a solemn declaration of the successful inheritance of the cause of the Songun-based revolution, and said:

"For half a century since he set out on the road of the Songun-based revolution Kim Jong Il performed undying exploits on behalf of the times, revolution, country and humankind, overcoming all trials of history in the van by dint of his outstanding ideas and leader-

ship.

"What holds a prominent position in his Songun revolutionary achievements is that he established the mode of Songun politics for the first time in history to provide an almighty treasured sword for the accomplishment of the revolutionary cause of Juche and the cause of independence against imperialism.

"He saw to it that the spirit of attaching importance to arms, the military affairs, was established throughout society and the state

leadership of Korean style was set up with the National Defence Commission as the backbone. This was a landmark event that provided a sure political and institutional guarantee for administering Songun politics.

"He developed the KPA to be an invincible revolutionary army, turned the country into a world military power with nuclear weapons and a political and ideological power in which the army and the

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Statues of great leaders erected

Statues of President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il have been erected at the Ministry of the People's Armed Forces.

The statues depict beaming Kim Il Sung standing with his arms akimbo and smiling Kim Jong Il wishing Songun Korea eternal prosperity, visualizing its rosy future in the new century.

These are the quintessence of a sense of moral obligation of the Korean army and people to venerate the great leaders as the great sun of Songun.

An unveiling ceremony took place on August 24.

Present there were Choe Ryong Hae, Hyon Yong Chol, Kim Kyong Hui, other senior Party and military officials, service personnel, wives of army officers, officials and employees of the units that contributed to the erection of the statues and working people in Pyongyang.

The statues were unveiled by senior Party and military officials.

Thunderous cheers burst out and fireworks exploded and balloons soared into the air.

A basket of flowers bearing the name of Supreme Commander Kim Jong Un was placed at the statues.

Baskets of flowers were laid in the joint name of the Central Committee and Central Military Commission of the Workers' Party of Korea and the DPRK National Defence Commission and in the joint name of the General Staff and General Political Bureau of the



Korean People's Army and the Ministry of the People's Armed Forces.

Hundreds of baskets of flowers came from army units, military academies and the units visited by the great leaders.

The participants paid their respects to the peerless great men who ushered in a new era of nation-

al independence by dint of arms, built the invincible revolutionary armed forces and provided a sure guarantee for the prosperity of the country by dint of Songun.

A keynote speech was delivered by KPA Vice-Marshal Choe Ryong Hae, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the WPK Central Committee, vice-chairman

of the WPK Central Military Commission and director of the KPA General Political Bureau.

Saying that the ardent desire of KPA service personnel to have the statues of the great leaders erected at the Ministry of the People's Armed Forces has come true on the occasion of the 52nd anniversary of Kim Jong Il's start of the Songun-

based revolutionary leadership thanks to the noble fidelity and meticulous guidance of Marshal Kim Jong Un, he called on all the service members to fight for the national reunification and the final victory of the Songun revolutionary cause, united firmly around the Supreme Commander.

By **Han Jong Ho** PT

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people are united single-mindedly and made a new history of building a thriving country.

"His Songun revolutionary leadership and politics, the banner of patriotism and independence against imperialism, brought about a new phase in the national reunification movement, firmly defended peace and security in Northeast Asia and the rest of the world and promoted the cause of independence for humankind dynamically."

Noting that the Songun revolutionary cause of Juche is advancing steadily without the slightest vacillation thanks to supreme leader Kim Jong Un, the speaker said that he opened a new chapter in achieving the cause of immortalizing the leader with noble loyalty and moral obligation and clarified the far-reaching strategy and militant programme for completing the Songun revolutionary cause of the great leaders generation after generation.

Saying that Songun is the independence, dignity and lifeblood of the DPRK, he pointed to the need to follow the Songun-based leadership of Marshal Kim Jong Un faithfully to build a thriving socialist country on this land as soon as possible and achieve the final victory in the efforts for independent national reunification and the revolutionary cause of Juche.

He noted:

"Our revolutionary armed forces have taken up their combat positions to cope with the

reckless attempts of the US imperialists and the south Korean war mongers and are ready for actions.

"If the enemy fires even a single shell to our territory, our army and people will never miss the priceless opportunity but deal an immediate deadly counterstroke to them and lead it to a sacred war for national reunification true to the order of Supreme Commander Kim Jong Un in order to realize the long-cherished desire of the nation and wipe the stronghold of imperialism out of the earth."

Documentary "President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il Were Together on the Road of Songun-based Leadership" was screened at the People's Palace of Culture in Pyongyang.

It was seen by Kim Yong Nam, Choe Yong Rim, other senior Party and government officials and officials from the Cabinet, working people's organizations, ministries and national agencies.

Workers held a meeting on the theme of "Chairman Kim Jong Il is the eternal Sun of Songun", farmers an oath-taking meeting, young people and women storytelling meetings, the artistic group of the Mangyongdae Schoolchildren's Palace a performance and young people across the country dances.

The military attachés in Pyongyang presented a basket of flowers and a congratulatory message to the DPRK supreme leader.

By **Kim Yu Gyong** PT

Condolences to Ethiopia, Venezuela

Kim Yong Nam, president of the Presidium of the DPRK Supreme People's Assembly, on August 22 sent a message of condolences to Ethiopian President Girma Wolde-Giorgis as to Ethiopian Prime

Minister Meles Zenawi's death from illness.

He expressed deep sorrow to the Ethiopian President, the family of the deceased and the government and people of Ethiopia.

On August 27 he sent a message of condolences to Venezuelan President Hugo Chavez with regard to a recent gas explosion at an oil refinery which claimed the lives of many people.

He expressed deep sorrow and consolation to the Venezuelan President, victims and families and hoped that the Venezuelan government would clear up the aftermath of the accident as soon as possible and bring the living of the people in the afflicted area to normal.

Premier inspects flood-hit counties

Premier Choe Yong Rim, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, inspected Hyangsan and Kujang Counties in North Phyongan Province to learn about the flood damage and the rehabilitation.

Heavy rains lashed the counties, wreaking havoc with reservoirs and rivers, hundreds of houses, public buildings, bridges, tourism and mountaineering roads and rail-tracks and leaving a large area of farmlands totally submerged.

The Premier praised service members for reconstructing main bridges and embankments stronger by applying a new building method and the railway workers for their devotion to the rehabilitation. He familiarized himself with the living of the people in the afflicted areas.

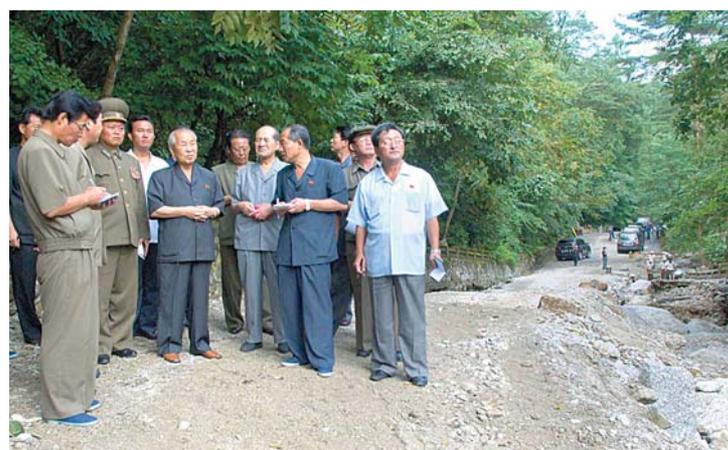
At the consultative meetings he

discussed ways to prevent the flood damage and stressed the need to determine the proper order of priority for the rehabilitation and plan the land development on a long-term basis.

He called on the Cabinet and

other relevant units to produce and supply materials and facilities needed for the reconstruction in time and the counties to make the most of potentials and enhance the role of the reconstruction headquarters.

Compiled from **KCNA**



Youth Day celebrated in grandeur

Kim Jong Un sends message to youth from front

Kim Jong Un, First Secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea, sent a message of congratulations to the participants in the Youth Day celebration conference and other young people across the country on August 27.

The editorial board of The Pyongyang Times carries the excerpts from the message:

August 28 is Youth Day, the revolutionary holiday of the young people of Korea.

From the remote front line, I extend warm congratulations and militant greetings to all the participants in the Youth Day Celebration Conference and other young men and women across the country, who are greeting Youth Day in the first year of the new century of the Juche era with a feeling of boundless jubilation and excitement.

The current events held in celebration of Youth Day are a grand political festival that demonstrates the patriotic loyalty and stout mettle of our young people, who are adding lustre to the proud history and tradition of the youth movement of Korea which has won victory after victory on the strength of the idea of our Workers' Party of Korea of giving prominence to young people and are advancing straight forward towards final victory under the Party's leadership.

Our Youth Day is the eternal holiday of the Korean young people, which was instituted and exalted by the great Kim Il Sung and Kim Jong Il.

In the history of our country spanning 5 000 years, there have always been young people and some of them earned fame; but never has there been an era of worthwhile youth like today, when all young men and women, cherishing the high honour of being youth vanguard of the Party, perform feats for their country and fellow people.

Today our motherland has started a historic march for final victory in the building of a thriving country.

Our Party expects that all young people would give fuller play to the valour, sense of unity and fighting power of the Korean youth in national defence and the current campaign for building of a thriving country as befits the indomitable youth vanguard who grew up in the embrace of the great Kim Il Sung and Kim Jong Il, by inheriting the heroic fighting spirit of their revolutionary forerunners and seniors.

If hot-blooded young people march forward in elated spirits blowing bugles and beating drums, the whole nation will become ebullient, the hot wind of leap forward will sweep across the country and the prosperous morrow will be brought closer.

Our young people must defend their socialist country unto death by inheriting the heroic fighting spirit of the defenders of the country in the 1950s.

The service personnel of the People's Army must load the powerful arms of the mighty revolutionary Paektusan army with surging hatred for the enemy and set the sights on the objects of strike; when a decisive battle has to be fought, they must become fierce tigers in the sacred war for national reunification and perform proud exploits.

If the enemy recklessly blows war clouds over us, young men and women across the country must take arms in their hands in place of hammers, sickles or pens, and turn out for an all-people war, as the defenders of the country in the 1950s did, to annihilate the aggressors at one stroke and staunchly defend their streets, villages and schools.

Burning their hearts with the will to annihilate the enemy, our brave young people should dynamically make breakthroughs for advance at all the sites of building a thriving country.

"We will go through fire and water in response to the Party's call!"—this is the patriotic cry emanating from the hearts of the millions of young people.

By making fresh miracles and innovations in difficult and challenging sectors of the building of a thriving country, young people should become heroes who exalt the brilliance of their country and their era.

All young people, regarding their workplaces as positions for attack, should make the flames of Hamnam blaze higher and wage a vigorous campaign for increased production with the traits and mettle of the Korean youth, who like making a revolution and who love working, so as to do a large share in fulfilling the national economic plan.

It is our young people who ought to stand in the vanguard of the effort to push back the frontiers of science and technology for the industrial revolution in the new century.

Young people should hold aloft the slogan "Let us

open up a shortcut to final victory by breaking through the cutting edge!" and briskly wage a brains warfare, a technological warfare, with a global vision and self-respect due to a great nation, so as to become the pioneers and champions of cutting-edge science and technology and preeminent talented people.

They should become excellent young people of the Songun era who love our own ways and things, are possessed of beautiful and ennobling moral qualities, and strive hard to do good things more for the benefit of society and the collective.

The youth league organizations should build up all the primary organizations into units that are as steel-strong as the organizations of the Young Communist League which demonstrated their might in the flames of the anti-Japanese struggle, and push forward all their undertakings in a novel and bold way as suited to the characteristics of young people.

Giving prominence to young people is the permanent strategic line of our Party and revolution.

Our Party will brilliantly carry forward the outstanding policy of giving prominence to young people pursued by the great Kim Il Sung and Kim Jong Il and, by relying on their strength, hasten the final victory of the historic cause of national reunification and the building of a thriving country.

I extend warm congratulations once again to our proud young vanguard, who demonstrated the unshakeable conviction and will of the successors to the Juche cause and the Songun cause, running with the torches of the revolution from Mt. Paektu, the sacred mountain of revolution, and Mt. Osong, the mountain symbolic of Songun, to Pyongyang where the great Generalissimos lie in state, as well as other young people across the country.

Fresh victory and glory are always in store for our young people who are advancing singing aloud "March of the Korean Youth".

I am in firm belief that our reliable young men and women will redouble their efforts for the final victory of the great cause of Kimilsungism-Kimjongilism, following the red flag of the Party, and thus perform with credit their noble mission and duty before the times and revolution, the motherland and people.

Young people vow to remain loyal to the Party at the rally

A Youth Day celebration conference to carry forward the revolutionary cause of Juche under

the leadership of Marshal Kim Jong Un took place in Pyongyang on August 27.

It was attended by Choe Yong Rim, Choe Ryong Hae, Hyon Yong Chol, other senior Party, govern-

ment and military officials, officials from working people's organizations, delegates to the Youth Day celebrations, youth league officials and young people in Pyongyang.

Among the participants were officials from Party and military organs, working people's organizations, ministries and national agencies.

Korean People's Army Vice Marshal Choe Ryong Hae, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and director of

the KPA General Political Bureau, read the congratulatory message WPK First Secretary Kim Jong Un sent from the front to the participants in the celebration conference and all other young people.

Young people made speeches to express their resolve to complete the revolutionary cause of Juche generation after generation under the leadership of the Party.

Army officer Kim Hyon Hyok spoke on behalf of service members.

Describing the congratulatory message sent by Marshal Kim Jong Un as the banner inspiring young people, who have turned out in the defence of the country and the building of a thriving nation, to perform brilliant feats, he said that the soldiers would fight as

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Youth Day highlighted with torchlight parade, social events

Young people in Pyongyang held a torchlight parade "Along the road of socialism under the leadership of the great Party" on the evening of August 29.

The stalls were taken by delegates to the Youth Day celebrations, officials from Party, military and government organs, working people's organizations, ministries and national agencies, service personnel of the Korean People's Army and the Korean People's Internal Security Forces, officials from the sectors of science, education, literature and the arts, public health and the media.

Among the guests were visiting delegations from Korean youth organizations in Japan and China, overseas Koreans, the representative of the Pyongyang Mission of the Anti-imperialist National Democratic Front, diplomatic

envoys, resident representatives from international organizations, military attachés and foreigners.

Columns of young people with burning torches in their hands made an entry into the square amid the high spirits of young men and women who are devoting their prime of youth to the building of a thriving nation.

Choe Yong Rim, Choe Ryong Hae, Hyon Yong Chol, Kim Kyong Hui and other senior Party, government and military officials and youth league officials took the rostrum.

Among them were heads of the delegations from Korean youth organizations in Japan and China.

Jon Yong Nam, chairman of the Central Committee of the Kim Il Sung Socialist Youth League, declared the start of the torchlight parade.

Along with the playing of song "Baton of the Revolution" a poem representing young people's will to follow the Party forever was read loudly in Kim Il Sung Square.

Amidst a dazzling display of fireworks and the playing of "Song of General Kim Il Sung" and "Song of General Kim Jong Il" the columns set off, preceded by the limousines carrying the portraits of beaming leaders.

Young people described characters meaning "Kim Il Sung", "Kim Jong Il" and "Immortality" with torches.

Columns of youth league officials, service personnel, students of revolutionary schools, working youths and students marched past the square.

A burning array of columns inscribed characters reading "Bloodline of Mt. Paektu", "Socialism" and other phrases.

Young paraders chanted their determination to work harder for the prosperity of the Kim Il Sung nation and Kim Jong Il's Korea under the leadership of supreme leader Kim Jong Un.

Delegates to the Youth Day celebrations spent memorable days in Pyongyang.

The delegate's certificate was awarded to all of them.

The delegates laid a basket of flowers at the statues of President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il on Mansu Hill.

Senior Party and government officials visited their lodgings to congratulate them.

During their stay in Pyongyang, the delegates visited Mangyongdae, the Revolutionary Martyrs Cemetery on Mt. Taesong, the Exhibition House of Military Hardware of the Korean People's Army, the Victorious

Fatherland Liberation War Memorial Tower and the photo show in celebration of Youth Day and saw the Kim Il Sung Prize-winning mass gymnastic and artistic performance "Arirang" at the May Day Stadium.

They enjoyed themselves in the Rungna People's Pleasure Park and the Kaeson Youth Park.

On August 29 152 delegates were given birthday dinners period of the celebrations.

The Unhasu Orchestra gave a concert "Love the Motherland" in the People's Theatre to mark Youth Day.

It was seen by senior Party, government and military officials, youth league officials and the young delegates.

The young delegates were given gifts Marshal Kim Jong Un sent to them on August 30.

By Om Hyang Sim PT



Youth delegates after visiting Mangyongdae. Song Tae Hyok

← A glimpse into the torchlight parade. Pyon Chan U

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the first death-defying corps of the Supreme Commander and the scout party in the great campaign for national reunification in any adversity and become unyielding warriors and youth heroes who charge to the enemy positions, shouting "Long live Marshal Kim Jong Un". He continued:

"Upon receiving the order the Supreme Commander issued to the entire army as he inspected islet-defending units in the southernmost of the southwest front and the historic speech he made at the banquet to celebrate Chairman Kim Jong Il's start of Songun revolutionary leadership, the service personnel have occupied their combat positions to cope with reckless acts of provocation of the US imperialists and the south Korean puppets and are waiting for the charge order. If the enemies drop even a spark of fire on the inviolable territory and waters of our country, we will never miss the priceless opportunity but turn all the places they are entrenched to ashes with a punitive strike."

On behalf of workers Labour Hero Ju Myong Gil, worker at the Hungnam Fertilizer Complex, said:

"Young people who have grown up in the embrace of the Party will give full play to bravery, might of unity and fighting spirit of Korean youth in the campaign for the building of a thriving nation by fol-

lowing the heroic spirit of revolutionary forerunners and seniors."

Farmers were represented by Ri Un Jong, tractor driver of the Poman Cooperative Farm in Sohung County, who said young farmers would become pacesetters in strengthening the rural outposts, building their home villages to be socialist fairyland and hitting the grain production targets for this year by displaying enthusiasm replete with Kim Jong Il's patriotism.

Kim Chung Il, student at Kim Il Sung University, spoke on behalf of students.

He said students would work hard for the country to be able personnel for a thriving socialist country, adding that if the US imperialists and the Lee Myung Bak clan of traitors dare fire at the inviolable territory of the DPRK they would hold rifles instead of pens in their hands and rush to the front to mercilessly destroy the enemies and achieve the historic cause of national reunification.

The celebration conference fully demonstrated the unshakeable faith and will of young people to add brilliance to the achievements the great leaders made for the development of the Juche-oriented youth movement and continue to advance along the road of Juche, Songun and socialism in full support of Kim Jong Un.

By Jo In Chol PT

Senior officials join in Youth Day celebrations

Young people throughout the country celebrated Youth Day splendidly amid the great joy of having received a congratulatory message Marshal Kim Jong Un sent to them from the front.

Premier Choe Yong Rim and other senior Party and government officials and officials in Pyongyang and provinces on August 28 spent Youth Day with young people at Kim Il Sung University, the Pyongyang Kim Jong Suk Textile Mill, the Chongsan Cooperative Farm in Kangso District, the Mansudae Art Studio, the Chollima Steel Complex, the Namhung Youth Chemical Complex and elsewhere.

They, together with young men and women, laid baskets of flowers and bouquets at the statues of President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il and mosaic murals of the great leaders and monuments to on-the-spot instructions given by them.

Looking round revolutionary museums, rooms dedicated to the history of the units, workplaces and lecture rooms, they congratulated young people on their making inno-

ventions in their efforts for building a thriving nation while adding brilliance to the proud history and tradition of the Korean youth movement.

Artistic performances, sporting and amusement games were held in the units.

Playing sports games including football, volleyball and tug of war, young people showed off the revolutionary spirit and optimism.

The VIPs asked them to give fuller play to the valour, sense of unity and fighting spirit in the defence of the country and the building of a thriving country.

Young people across the country pledged themselves to make a breakthrough for national prosperity by following the leadership of supreme leader Kim Jong Un.

By Pang Un Ju PT



Celebration of Youth Day at Kim Il Sung University. Ham Yong Sok

Kim Il Sung University hosts int'l symposium

Kim Il Sung University hosted another international symposium after the similar one last year.

It ran between August 21 and 22 on the theme of "For Social Progress and Prosperity", divided into panels of international politics, economics, geoscience, multilingual information processing and medical science. It drew lecturers and scientists from prestigious universities and institutes in different countries including the DPRK, China, Russia, Germany and Poland.

The participants climbed up Mansu Hill to pay floral tributes to the statues of President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il.

The opening ceremony took place on August 21.

It was attended by Vice-Premier Kim Yong Jin, Kim Sung Du, chairman of the Education Commission, and officials, lecturers and researchers of the university.

Present there were Prof and PhD Elmar Kulke, delegate from Humboldt University of Germany, a delegation from Muenster College of Applied Sciences of Germany led by Martin Weischer, a delegation from the Chinese Ministry of Education headed by Liu Baoli, a delegation from Liaoning University of China led by Prof and PhD Huang Taiyan, president of the university, a delegation from Yanbian University of China led by Pak Yong Ho, president of the university, a delegation

from Jilin University of China led by Prof Han Xiping, director of Marxist School, a delegation from the People's University of China led by Prof Niu Weilin, permanent deputy secretary of the university Party committee, Associate Prof Chen Weipeng, delegate from Qinghua University of China, Prof Pak Kon Il, delegate from the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, Marcell Burdelski, delegate from Gdansk University of Poland who is vice-president of its International Science Association, and Kim Jong, delegate from Korea University of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongryon).

Foreign diplomats in Pyongyang were present at the opening ceremony.

Song Ja Rip, president of Kim Il Sung University and minister of Higher Education, said in the opening ceremony that the lecturers and scientists from Kim Il Sung University and other foreign universities and research institutions would have an ample opportunity to exchange the achievements and experience gained in their work.

Kim Yong Jin noted that the DPRK government is paying a great deal of attention to developing education, science and technology radically in consideration of the global trend.

The participants looked round photos showing the history of Kim Il Sung University which has developed as the powerhouse of

Juche-based education and scientific research.

Well over a hundred study papers were presented to the panels by lecturers and scientists from universities and research institutions in different countries and a scholar from Chongryon. Among them were "Kim Jong Il, defender of stability on the Korean peninsula and peace in Northeast Asia" presented by Ju Il Ung, lecturer at Kim Il Sung University, "Peace and security issues on the Korean peninsula" by Marcell Burdelski, vice-president of the International Science Association of Gdansk University of Poland, "Possibilities of the building of knowledge-based economic power in the DPRK" by Pak Jong Chol, lecturer at Kim Il Sung University, "Local capacity and global connections" by Elmar Kulke, professor and doctor at Humboldt University of Germany, and "Angiogenesis, researching model and its application" by Ryu Myong Su, professor and doctor at Yanbian University of China.

At the closing ceremony held on August 22, Song Ja Rip said that Kim Il Sung University would expand academic exchange with foreign universities.

The Chinese chargé d'affaires said that the symposium contributed to developing academic exchange between countries.

A letter of thanks to supreme leader Kim Jong Un was adopted.

Kim Il Sung University hosted a reception at the Okryu Restaurant in honour of the participants.

Meanwhile, there was a friendship get-together with the participants in the gymnasium of Kim Il Sung University.

The symposium served as an occasion to promote exchange and cooperation between universities and research institutions in different countries.

By Jong Sun Bok PT



World Breastfeeding Week marked

An event for World Breastfeeding Week took place on August 23 in Wonsan, Kangwon Province.

This year's theme is

"Understanding the Past—Planning the Future".

It brought together officials from the Ministry of Public Health, health workers from the

Pyongyang Maternity Hospital and provincial maternity hospitals, officials from the women's union, journalists, the representative of the UNICEF office and the staff from the resident offices of other international organizations.

Opening remarks were followed by congratulatory speeches and presentations of experience.

The speakers referred to the achievements and experience gained in reinvigorating breastfeeding.

They called for paying closer public attention to breastfeeding and children's growth.

The participants looked round the maternity hospital of Kangwon Province.

Compiled from KCNA



Trade fair in Rason

The Second Rason International Trade Exhibition ran between August 20 and 23 in the city of Rason, the Economic and Trade Zone in the DPRK.

It drew over 40 joint venture and other trading companies in the country including those in the city, some 70 companies from China and other businesses and companies from Russia, the Czech Republic, Sweden and other countries.

On display at the fair were machinery, electric and electronic products, foodstuffs, consumer goods, medicines, agricultural products, household goods and vehicles.

The recent trade exhibition attracted particular interest of many businesses and companies in different countries as the zone has favourable geopolitical conditions and practical conditions: legal foundations have already been laid to guarantee the active development of the zone and most of infrastructure development projects including port, roads, railways and communications are nearing completion. These are major factors that will provide every possibility to promote exchange and cooperation between many

countries.

Most noticeable among the exhibits were the state-of-the-art products newly developed by local companies on the basis of latest science and technology.

Some of the Chinese companies exhibited road vehicles and other products to open a new market, promote exchange, build joint ventures and attract investment in them. During the fair local companies conducted wide-ranging PR activities, exchange and business transactions with many foreign companies.

There was a symposium on investment on the sidelines of the fair.

At the symposium the 2011 amendments to the DPRK Law on Rason Economic and Trade Zone and regulations on the building and management of businesses by foreign investors and businessmen were introduced and videos screened.

During their stay, representatives from local and foreign companies made import and export contracts and toured the beach and places of interest.

The trade fair gave impetus to the speedy development of the zone.

By Cha Myong Chol PT

Tea leaf picking in full swing

It is the harvest season in the Unjong Tea Plantation in Kangnyong.

Farmers are busy picking tea leaves in the fields that sprawl on the mountain slopes.

Two or three fresh tea leaves that come out at every twig are picked, but the yield is so good that a basket is filled in an instant.

"Kangnyong is a bit cold for the cultivation of tea, a tropical or subtropical plant, but we did good farming, so we expect good harvest," said Ri Sang Ok, farm manager.

Tea is known to be grown in the latitudes lower than 36 degrees. However, the agronomists in the South Hwanghae Provincial Branch of the Academy of Agricultural Science have made painstaking efforts for over 20 years and finally acclimatized it to such places as Kangnyong in the latitude of above 37 degrees.

Gathered tea leaves are processed into black and green tea in the processing factory.

Kangnyong tea, or Unjong tea, makes one feel refreshing, prevents arteriosclerosis, hypertension and cardiomegaly and is good for relieving fatigue, promoting urination, detoxication and fighting cancer and retarding aging as it contains alkaloids, essential amino acids and various vitamins including vitamins C and E. In particular, it is winning increasing popularity among the locals and foreigners for its distinctive taste, fragrance and colour. Recently, the Chinese embassy staff visited the farm and wished the tea growers good luck and prosperity. Itar-TASS of Russia has also introduced Unjong tea recently.

The farmers regard it as the pride of their locality, attributing its original taste and aroma to the clean and fresh environment and soil.

The farm harvests tea leaves three times a year, from late May to early June and in late July and late August.

Article and photo by Kim Rye Yong PT



Will to destroy enemy runs high

"Counter provocations with an immediate counter offensive, and an aggressive war with a war of justice for the country's reunification!" said supreme leader Kim Jong Un in his speech at the banquet given on August 25 for celebrating the 52nd anniversary of the start of Songun revolutionary leadership by Chairman Kim Jong Il.

His words greatly excited service personnel and people in the country.

His statement fully represents his faith and will to achieve the country's reunification, the utmost desire of the Korean nation.

To respond to a war of aggression with a great war for national reunification is the requirement of history and the times and a righteous decision to remove the root cause of war that poses menace to peace.

Not peace, but ceasefire has been persisting on the Korean peninsula.

Behind the scene of the ceasefire the US has adopted military inva-

sion as the main point of its policy towards the DPRK and perpetrated acts of military provocation incessantly.

It brought the situation on the peninsula to the brink of war by dispatching armed spy ship Pueblo and large reconnaissance plane EC-121 into the country in the 1960s and engineering shocking incidents of provocation at Panmunjom in the 1970s and 1980s.

In the 1990s it conducted the international pressure campaigns under the pretext of nuclear issue and in the 2000s it has set the DPRK as a target of preemptive nuclear strike and staged nuclear war exercises annually in and around south Korea.

It instigated the south Korean puppets to trigger an armed clash in the West Sea and the Yonphyong Island artillery firing and orchestrated such anti-DPRK plot as Cheonan warship sinking.

It egged them on to slander the supreme dignity of the DPRK. Not

content with this, it did not hesitate to take an active part in the recently disclosed grave terror scheme to destroy the statues of the great leaders.

The vicious acts of the US and south Korean puppets have made the service personnel and people in the DPRK harden their resolve to sweep away the provocateurs mercilessly.

Peace can neither be achieved nor defended without eradicating the root cause of aggression and war.

The Korean People's Army is now fully ready and young people and students are volunteering to join or rejoin the army with the will to annihilate the enemy.

Factories, farms, universities and colleges across the country are filled with a determination to carry out the order of the Supreme Commander at the risk of their lives.

The soldiers and people will become human bullets and bombs in a great campaign for national reunification.

By Kim Yong Ho PT



A mood to smash the enemy at a stroke prevails in the military training.

KCNA

2. Advent of blood-stained Yushin

The whole of south Korea was placed under martial law on October 17 1972, nearly ten years after Park Chung Hee seized presidency by dint of military power and tricks in the wake of the May 16 coup.

That day he mobilized tanks and other armoured vehicles to dissolve the parliament and banned all political activities and proclaimed the Yushin constitution.

Under the constitution he grabbed the presidency of south Korea and chairmanship of the State Council, the National Security Council and the National Conference for Unification, thereby he was empowered to control all power machines, revise the constitution, hold plebiscite, invoke emergency measures, declare martial law and disband the parliament. He got the National Conference for Unification to elect him president and establish a lifelong presidential system.

Park became a fuhrer, an absolute monarch, under the Yushin constitution.

Under the Yushin dictatorship south Korea was reduced to a barren land devoid of democracy.

The dictator saw to it that spy ring cases were fabricated one after another to strike the whole of society with terror, killing democratic figures and patriots.

The abduction of Kim Dae Jung, in which his men abducted the opposition leader in Tokyo and attempted to bury him in the sea, threw the world into consternation.

between neighbours, between spouses and between father and son was devised.

The south Koreans lived in constant fear due to frequently issued martial law and guard order, oft-taken emergency measures, forced closure of schools for political reason, the running of counter-espionage month and crime prevention week and the campaigns to search disturbing elements and eliminate insurgents against Yushin.

In two years from 1974 to 1975 notorious emergency measures were taken on nine occasions by which lots of innocent people were tried by court martial and executed.

In those days many people were subjected to water and fire torture and electric shock torture in the cells of the Central Intelligence Agency.

During the dictator's 18-year rule a total of some 14 million people were arrested, imprisoned and killed, or 700 000 to 800 000 each year. The figures tell what south Korea under Yushin dictatorship was like.

This is the truth about Park Chung Hee's fascist dictatorship.

By Kim Kil Nam PT

Scrutiny into Yushin dictatorship

South Korean people were deprived of freedom of speech, press, assembly and demonstration, elementary democratic liberty and rights and even the right to existence.

South Korea turned into a theatre of rowdism of 700 000 troops, over 15 000 agents of the Central Intelligence Agency, some 400 000 political secret agents, about 50 000 policemen, more than 320 000 police agents and the 3 million-strong Homeland Reserve Forces.

It was in that period that the system of watching each other

Malignant remarks slammed

South Korean puppets uttered a spate of vituperation, upset by Supreme Commander of the Korean People's Army Kim Jong Un's inspection of islet-defending units in the frontline area. As to this a spokesman for the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of Korea answered KCNA on August 23. He said:

Looking at the enemy position not far away, Marshal Kim Jong Un ordered that if the enemy dares start firing, the service members should not restrict it to a local war but lead it to a great campaign for national reunification. This is a victorious declaration that has demonstrated the spirit, courage and bravery of the brilliant commander and a great thunderbolt that has dealt a telling blow to the sworn enemy.

His inspection was a height of his love for the service personnel and people who are linked to him by the same intention and feelings and for younger generation and a grand manifestation of the harmonious whole in which the army and people are united single-mindedly around him.

The US imperialists and the south Korean warmongers and conservatives, seized with extreme fear after pushing the situation on the Korean peninsula to the brink of all-out war with their joint military exercises for aggression, talked about "provocation", "creating the tension" and "propaganda

and agitation".

This is a reckless act of those who are taken aback by the sky-high spirit of the brilliant commander of Mt. Paektu and the firm determination of the army and people to annihilate the enemy and a last-ditch effort of those suffering from a persecution complex.

The puppets have kicked off large-scale war exercises against the DPRK in league with the US and dared talk about "provocation" and "remarks for rallying ranks" and "for demonstration". It is an unpardonable mockery of the whole Korean nation and public opinion at home and abroad and base utterances revealing their ignorance.

The puppets let out a stream of malignant invective which can convince no one. This is aimed to play down even a bit great reactions and shock sparked by the field inspection, control internal confusion, justify their reckless moves for confrontation and war and avoid being isolated within and without.

The malignant remarks only harden the will of the DPRK army and people to wipe out the confrontation seekers.

As was declared solemnly internally and externally, the DPRK will neither tolerate the reckless war exercises and provocations of the US imperialists and the south Korean puppets nor miss the priceless opportunity.

Truth disclosed after 37 years

It has recently been revealed that Jang Jun Ha, who died enigmatically in the period of Yushin military dictatorship, was murdered.

Jang was a renowned dissident who fought against the Syngman Rhee regime and Park Chung Hee's Yushin dictatorship through progressive literary activity in south Korea. He opposed the Yushin dictator point-blank in demand of democracy and reunification.

He, however, met with untimely death in August 1975.

At the time the Yushin regime announced that Jang fell over a precipice to death in the midst of mountaineering, but nobody believed it as there were so many moot points.

In those years the Yushin dictator put in motion the then Central Intelligence Agency and all other repressive forces to execute anyone who demanded democracy and national reunification on charges of being "pro-communist element" or kill them in secrecy.

Park Chung Hee killed lots of democratic figures and patriots by cooking up such cases as the rebuilding of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification, the National Democratic Youths and Students League and the spy ring on Ullung Island. His men kidnapped opposition leader Kim Dae Jung in broad daylight in Tokyo and tried to bury him in the sea.

The family of Jang and the related organizations in south Korea have demanded a probe into the truth of his mysterious

death on many occasions since then, but the death has remained a mystery due to the obstructive tricks of the remnants of the Yushin regime and the conservative clan patronizing them.

However, in the course of removing his remains to the newly-built Jang Jun Ha Park in August this year a hole and signs of rupture caused by hammering were discovered on the skull and a judgment confirmed that he was murdered.

At present, opposition parties including the Democratic United Party and people are strongly condemning the outrages committed by the Yushin dictatorship and demanding that Park Kun Hye, the daughter of the Yushin dictator, renounce the presidential candidacy, and Jang's relatives are crying out for the settlement of the issue.

Nonplussed, the conservative rulers are busy finding excuses, claiming that the case of Jang Jun Ha has already been settled and a further survey will make no difference.

The murder of Jang Jun Ha which has been disclosed after 37 years is another living witness to the cruelty and outrageousness of the Yushin dictatorship and the truth of it should be probed thoroughly and those responsible for it punished heavily.

The south Korean people should never tolerate the attempt of the conservative forces, which are cracking down on the movement for democracy and national reunification, to revive the Yushin dictatorship.

By Chae Chol Man PT

Exploits will go down in DPRK-Russia annals

Chairman Kim Jong Il paid an unofficial visit to the Siberian and Far Eastern regions of Russia between August 20 and 25 last year to leave an indelible mark in the history of DPRK-Russia friendship and that of the world's political diplomacy and open up bright prospects for the establishment of fair international relationship and the accomplishment of the cause of global independence.

He met with the then Russian President Dmitri Medvedev in Ulan-Ude, the capital of the Republic of Buryatia in Siberia, on August 24 2011.

The talks stressed the need for the two countries to boost friendship and the relationship of equality and mutually beneficial cooperation on the basis of the spirit of the 2000 DPRK-Russia Pyongyang Joint Declaration, the 2001 DPRK-Russia Moscow Declaration and the Treaty on Friendship, Good-neighbourliness and Cooperation between the DPRK and Russia.

Both sides expressed the willingness to develop friendship and relations of equality and mutually beneficial cooperation onto a higher phase.

They exchanged views on devel-

oping bilateral relations and reached a consensus of views on all the issues discussed. A common recognition was achieved on expanding economic and cooperative relations in various fields including gas and other energy and railway link.

Kim Jong Il said he had seen the achievements the Russian government and people made in their efforts to upgrade the economy, build up the defence capability and achieve social stability and got better knowledge of the history and culture of Russia while touring several cities and units in the vast Far Eastern and Siberian regions during his Russia visit. He wished the Russian people prosperity.

Foreign media reported that Russia accorded the warmest hospitality to the DPRK leader, saying that the Russian President came a long way to Ulan-Ude from Moscow to receive him, the presidential envoys to the Far Eastern and Siberian regions accompanied him to different places, the people in every place of his visit warmly welcomed him and the Russian President saw him off.

The DPRK leader's unofficial visit to the Russian regions caused a stir all over the world, having a great impact on the development of the international situation.

Foreign media of the US, Japan, the UK and Germany as well as Russia and China featured the news about his Russia tour with his pictures.

The world media praised him for displaying outstanding diplomacy in boosting DPRK-Russia friendship and consolidating and developing global peace, stability and friendship.

They commented that his Russia trip was a great event that showed off his pluck and the highly stable situation in the DPRK to the world as it was made when the Korean peninsula situation was extremely acute due to the US which dispatched the nuclear-powdered submarine Texas and task forces in and around south Korea.

His Russia visit in midsummer last year covering over 6 000 kilometres was a long journey of patriotic devotion that would go down in the history of DPRK-Russia friendship.

By Pak Song Min PT

Monument recalls leader's visit to Siberia

The first anniversary of Chairman Kim Jong Il's visit to the Siberian and Far Eastern regions of Russia was commemorated with the erection of a monument in Bureya Hydropower Station in Amur.

The granite monument, which is 108 centimetres high and 60 centimetres wide, is carved with Kim Jong Il's autograph **"Inexhaustible is the strength of the Russian people who conquered nature of Bureya. Kim Jong Il August 21 2011"**

It bears the Russian message reading: "Kim Jong Il, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and chairman of the DPRK National Defence Commission, visited the Bureya Hydropower Station on August 21 2011 and made the following entry in the visitors' book **'Inexhaustible is the strength of the Russian people who conquered nature of Bureya. Kim Jong Il August 21 2011'**"

An unveiling ceremony was held on August 21 at the power station.

Present at the event were personages and people in Amur, visiting DPRK delegations and staff of the DPRK mission in Khabarovsk.

The deputy minister of culture of the Amur regional government said Kim Jong Il's visit to Amur was important in the development of friendship and cooperation between the DPRK and Amur Region.

The sudden death of Kim Jong Il last year is a great loss to all and the exploits he performed in boosting bilateral ties of friendship and cooperation will live on in the minds of the Russian people, he added.

The manager of the power station said he had the honour of telling Kim Jong Il about the construction and power generation of his power plant and today's event would write a page in the annals of the Russo-DPRK friendship.

The participants laid baskets of flowers and bouquets at the monument after it was unveiled.

There were a seminar, DPRK book, photo and fine art exhibition and book donation in Russia between July 25 and 27 to mark the occasion.

In the DPRK the occasion was highlighted with a photo show, film show and get-together between August 1 and 7.

By Kim Tong Sik PT

Needed: boosting of NAM

September 1 is Day of Non-Aligned Movement.

The NAM made its debut in September 1961 with a purpose to oppose domination and subordination and defend independence to cope with the aggressive bloc. Over the past five decades it has striven to safeguard global peace and security, achieve national independence and build a peaceful, new world under the banner of independence against imperialism.

The meeting of foreign ministers of non-aligned countries held in Bali, Indonesia last year reviewed the achievements made by the movement over the past fifty years, adopted a commemorative declaration and approved the accession of Azerbaijan and Fiji to the NAM.

The NAM member states, which amounted to 25 in its incipency, have reached 120, making it possible to enhance its position on the international arena.

Independence against imperialism is the banner of struggle the NAM should continue to hold aloft.

The imperialists remain unchanged in their aggressive and predatory nature. They try to dominate the world and realize their predatory ambition by pursuing the policy of strength. This has constrained social progress and independent development of non-aligned and developing countries.

When they unite politically and work together on the principle of independence, non-aligned countries can oppose and reject the imperialists' aggression and intervention and defend sovereignty.

The imperialist forces apply sanctions and pressure to those countries aspiring for independence against imperialism and even try to invade them militarily, while patronizing those following themselves, on the pretext of such issues as nuclear development and human rights. That is why non-aligned and developing countries should pay due attention to the injustice and negative effect of the application of double standard in international relations and reject it collectively.

They can prevent economic subordination and ideological and cultural infiltration as well as political and military domination by the imperialists when they promote solidarity and cooperation on the principle of independence, equality, non-interference and reciprocity, settle divergences of opinion and disputes in a peaceful way and confront with the imperialists' moves for aggression and intervention by concerted efforts.

The banner of peace against war should be held up higher.

World without war is the unanimous desire of humankind.

There can never be genuine peace as long as there are the imperialists who feed on war of aggression and domination. To oppose war and defend peace it is necessary to resist the imperialists' policy of strength, strong-arm policy, collectively under the banner of independence.

The DPRK government makes every possible effort to defend the basic principles and ideal of the NAM and develop it steadily.

By Kim Il Bong PT

An eye for an eye

Most recently, a report on radioactive warfare worked out by the Federal Bureau of Investigation of the US on April 20 1951 has been discovered.

The report revealed an attempt the US made to spray a huge quantity of radioactive materials including plutonium and nuclear waste in the area bisecting the Korean peninsula and create a no-man's-land which is inaccessible by anyone when the Korean war (June 25 1950-July 27 1953) it started was in a stalemate due to its repeated defeat in battles, a bid to divide the Korean peninsula permanently.

According to the report, the US, in the wake of mapping out the scheme, got the Atomic Energy Committee to examine and confirm its feasibility and made field tests on the radioactive warfare in the nuclear test ground in Utah on 65 occasions till 1952.

The recent disclosure of the horrible scenario clearly reveals once again the true colours of the US as a brutal and unethical criminal that does not hesitate to exterminate a nation and reduce its land to a permanent wasteland for the purpose of realizing its wild ambition for aggression.

The US was the first to make nuclear weapons on

the earth and is the sole nuclear criminal state that inflicted nuclear disasters on humankind including those on Hiroshima and Nagasaki in Japan and Bikini.

During the Korean war it attempted to use atomic bombs to annihilate the Korean nation and due to the US A-bomb blackmail at the time lots of Korean families were separated and are still suffering from the separation.

The US is still posing a nuclear threat to the DPRK, openly revealing its intention to launch a pre-emptive nuclear strike on the latter with a large quantity of nukes it deployed in south Korea.

This is evidenced by its incessant military provocation and various DPRK-targeted war rehearsals it conducts jointly with the south Korean puppets by hauling huge forces of aggression including

means of nuclear attack as if they were annual events.

This notwithstanding, it is talking about a "nuclear threat" from the DPRK boisterously, while clamouring for peace, security and denuclearization on the international arena.

The report called for keeping open to discussion the possibility of the use of nuclear materials, not eliminating it completely, in the future, too. This indicates that the US remains unchanged in its intention to resort to nukes.

That is why nukes should be controlled with nukes as was stated by the spokesman for the Anti-Nuke Peace Committee of Korea on August 24 and the DPRK's decision to make a full-scale reexamination of the nuclear issue is absolutely right.

By Choe Won Chol PT



An anti-war action in the US.

KCNA